

CTS 2-Channel Series Operation Manual

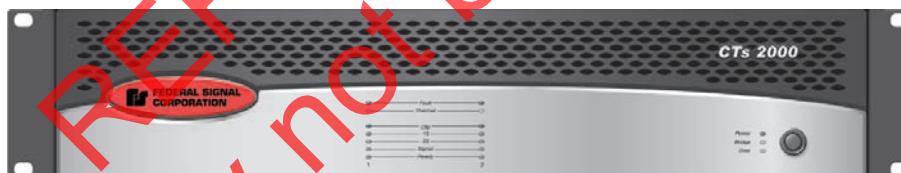
CTS 600



CTS 1200



CTS 2000



CTS 3000



For further assistance on this product, please contact Federal Signal at 708-534-4723.

This manual does not include all of the details of design, production, or variations of the equipment. Nor does it cover every possible situation which may arise during installation, operation or maintenance.

The information provided in this manual was deemed accurate as of the publication date. However, updates to this information may have occurred. To obtain the latest version of this manual, please contact Federal Signal at 708-534-4723.

Important Safety Instructions

Importantes Instructions de Sécurité

1. Read these instructions.
2. Keep these instructions.
3. Heed all warnings.
4. Follow all instructions.
5. Do not use this apparatus near water.
6. Clean only with a dry cloth.
7. Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
8. Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
9. Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding-type plug has two blades and a third grounding prong. The wide blade or the third prong is provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
10. Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched, particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point where they exit from the apparatus.
11. Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
12. Use only with a cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.
13. Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
14. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.
15. Use the mains plug to disconnect the apparatus from the mains.
16. **WARNING: TO REDUCE THE RISK OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS APPARATUS TO RAIN OR MOISTURE.**
17. **DO NOT EXPOSE THIS EQUIPMENT TO DRIPPING OR SPASHING AND ENSURE THAT NO OBJECTS FILLED WITH LIQUIDS, SUCH AS VASES, ARE PLACED ON THE EQUIPMENT.**
18. **THE MAINS PLUG OF THE POWER SUPPLY CORD SHALL REMAIN READILY OPERABLE.**



Wichtige Sicherheitsinstruktionen

Instrucciones de Seguridad Importantes

TO PREVENT ELECTRIC SHOCK DO NOT REMOVE TOP OR BOTTOM COVERS. NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.

À PRÉVENIR LE CHOC ÉLECTRIQUE N'ENLEVEZ PAS LES COUVERCLES. IL N'Y A PAS DES PARTIES SERVICIEABLE À L'INTÉRIEUR. TOUS RÉPARATIONS DOIT ÊTRE FAIRE PAR PERSONNEL QUALIFIÉ SEULMENT.

PARA PREVENIR UN CHOQUE ELÉCTRICO, NO RETIRE LAS CUBIERTAS SUPERIOR O INFERIOR. NO EXISTEN PARTES QUE PUEDAN SER REPARADAS POR EL USUARIO AL INTERIOR. REMITA EL SERVICIO AL PERSONAL TÉCNICO CALIFICADO.

TO COMPLETELY DISCONNECT THIS EQUIPMENT FROM THE AC MAINS, DISCONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY CORD PLUG FROM THE AC RECEPTACLE. THE MAINS PLUG OF THE POWER SUPPLY CORD SHALL REMAIN READILY OPERABLE.

POUR DÉMONTER COMPLÈTEMENT L'ÉQUIPEMENT DE L'ALIMENTATION GÉNÉRALE, DÉMONTER LE CÂBLE D'ALIMENTATION DE SON RÉCÉPTEACLE. LA PRISE D'ALIMENTATION RESTERA AISÉMENT FONCTIONNELLE.

PARA DESCONEXAR COMPLETAMENTE EL EQUIPO DEL SUMINSTRO ELECTRICO, DESCONECTE EL CABLE DE ALIMENTACION DE LA TOMA DE CA. LAS PATAS DEL CONECTOR DEL CABLE DE ALIMENTACION DEBERAN MANTENERSE EN BUEN ESTADO.

WATCH FOR THESE SYMBOLS:

The lightning bolt triangle is used to alert the user to the risk of electric shock.

The exclamation point triangle is used to alert the user to important operating or maintenance instructions.

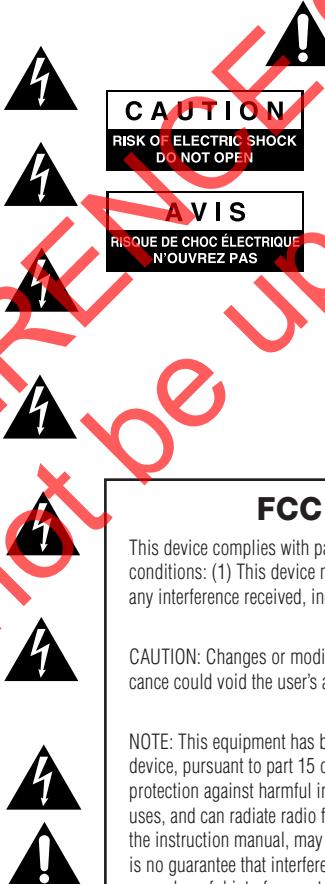
REGARDEZ CES SYMBOLES:

La triangle avec le sigle "foudre" est employée pour alerter l'utilisateur au risque de décharge électrique. Le triangle avec un point d'exclamation est employée pour alerter l'utilisateur d'instructions importantes pour leurs opérations de maintenance.

ATENCIÓN CON ESTOS SÍMBOLOS:

El triángulo con el símbolo de rayo eléctrico es usado para alertar al usuario de el riesgo de un choque eléctrico.

El triángulo con el signo de admiración es usado para alertar al usuario de instrucciones importantes de operación o mantenimiento.



IMPORTANT
CTS Series amplifiers require Class 2 output wiring. Les amplificateurs de série de CTS exigent des câbles de sortie de classe 2. CTS-Reihe-Versstärker verlangen Klasse die 2 Produktionsverdrahtung. Los amplificadores de la Serie CTS requieren de un cableado de salida Clase 2.

MAGNETIC FIELD

CAUTION! Do not locate sensitive high-gain equipment such as pre-amplifiers directly above or below the unit. Because this amplifier has a high power density, it has a strong magnetic field which can induce hum into unshielded devices that are located nearby. The field is strongest just above and below the unit.

If an equipment rack is used, we recommend locating the amplifier(s) in the bottom of the rack and the preamplifier or other sensitive equipment at the top.

FCC COMPLIANCE NOTICE

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

CAUTION: Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

DECLARATION of CONFORMITY

ISSUED BY: Federal Signal, Corporation

UK - Hulley Road, Macclesfield, Cheshire SK10 2NF Tel: +44 (0)1625 66 66 00 Fax: +44 (0) 1625 611 352 www.fs-isys.com

Equipment Type: Commercial Audio Power Amplifiers

Family Name: CTS

Model Names: CTS 3000, CTS 2000, CTS 1200, CTS 600

EMC Standards:

EN 55103-1:1997 Electromagnetic Compatibility - Product Family Standard for Audio, Video, Audio-Visual and Entertainment Lighting Control Apparatus for Professional Use, Part 1: Emissions

EN 55103-1:1997 Magnetic Field Emissions-Annex A @ 10 cm and 1 M

EN 61000-3-2:1995+A14:2000 Limits for Harmonic Current Emissions (equipment input current £16A per phase)

EN 61000-3-3:1995 Limitation of Voltage Fluctuations and Flicker in Low-Voltage Supply Systems Rated Current £16A

EN 55022:2003 Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of ITE: Radiated, Class B Limits; Conducted, Class B

EN 55103-2:1997 Electromagnetic Compatibility - Product Family Standard for Audio, Video, Audio-Visual and Entertainment Lighting Control Apparatus for Professional Use, Part 2: Immunity

EN 61000-4-2:2003 Electrostatic Discharge Immunity (Environment E2-Criteria B, 4k V Contact, 8k V Air Discharge)

EN 61000-4-3:2003 Radiated, Radio-Frequency, Electromagnetic Immunity (Environment E2, criteria A)

EN 61000-4-4:2005 Electrical Fast Transient/Burst Immunity (Criteria B)

EN 61000-4-5:2001 Surge Immunity (Criteria B)

EN 61000-4-6:1996 Immunity to Conducted Disturbances Induced by Radio-Frequency Fields (Criteria A)

EN 61000-4-11:2004 Voltage Dips, Short Interruptions and Voltage Variation

Safety Standard:

EN 60065: 1998 Safety Requirements - Audio Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus

I certify that the product identified above conforms to the requirements of the EMC Council Directive 89/336/EEC as amended by 92/31/EEC, and the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EES as amended by 93/68/EEC.

Date of Issue: March 1, 2002

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CTS 600	
2-ohm Dual (per ch.)	20 Hz-20 kHz Power 150W
4-ohm Dual (per ch.)	300W
8-ohm Dual (per ch.)	300W
16-ohm Dual (per ch.)	300W
70V Dual (per ch.)	300W
100V Dual (per ch.)	300W*
4-ohm Bridge	300W
8-ohm Bridge	600W
16-ohm Bridge	600W
100V Bridge	600W*
140V Bridge	600W
200V Bridge	600W*

20 Hz-20 kHz Power refers to maximum average power in watts from 20 Hz to 20 kHz with 0.1% THD.

*With T-170V or TP-170V.



CTS 1200	
2-ohm Dual (per ch.)	20 Hz-20 kHz Power 250W
4-ohm Dual (per ch.)	600W
8-ohm Dual (per ch.)	600W
16-ohm Dual (per ch.)	300W
70V Dual (per ch.)	600W
100V Dual (per ch.)	600W*
4-ohm Bridge	500W
8-ohm Bridge	1200W
16-ohm Bridge	1200W
100V Bridge	1200W*
140V Bridge	1200W
200V Bridge	1200W*

20 Hz-20 kHz Power refers to maximum average power in watts from 20 Hz to 20 kHz with 0.1% THD.

*With T-170V or TP-170V.

1 Welcome

Building on the foundation of the *Com-Tech*® Series, the Federal® *CTS* Series offers new flexibility and value for installed sound. The *Com-Tech* Series was the first to offer independent selection of high- and low-impedance operation for a specific channel, and *CTS* Series amplifiers continue that tradition, with power levels and features carefully chosen to perfectly integrate into fixed install design requirements.

Modern power amplifiers are sophisticated pieces of engineering capable of producing extremely high power levels. They must be treated with respect and correctly installed if they are to provide the many years of reliable service for which they were designed.

In addition, *CTS* Series amplifiers include a number of features which require some explanation before they can be used to their maximum advantage.

Please take the time to study this manual so that you can obtain the best possible service from your amplifier.

1.1 Features

- Switching Power Supply for reduced weight.
- High power-density, with all two-channel models in a 2U chassis.

- Direct constant-voltage (70V/140V) or low-impedance (2/4/8 ohm) operation. No switch required.
- Input sensitivity is independently selectable for each channel. Choose low-impedance (4/8 ohm), constant-voltage (70V/100V/140V/200V), or 26 dB.
- TLC protection circuitry protects the amplifier from long-term excessive heat by subtly and dynamically reducing the gain only when necessary.
- JTS circuitry (*CTS* 600/1200 only) quickly protects BJT output transistors from unsafe operating conditions without shutting the channel down. (Not applicable to BCA amplifiers as they are inherently protected.)
- *PIP2™* (Programmable Input Processor) connector accepts accessory modules that tailor the amplifier to suit specific applications.
- Removable terminal block input connectors, with "Y" Input Switch in the standard *PIP2-BBY* module.

(Continued on next page)

CTS 2000	
2-ohm Dual (per ch.)	20 Hz-20 kHz Power 1000W
4-ohm Dual (per ch.)	1000W
8-ohm Dual (per ch.)	1000W
16-ohm Dual (per ch.)	625W
70V Dual (per ch.)	1000W
100V Dual (per ch.)	1000W
4-ohm Bridge	2000W
8-ohm Bridge	2000W
16-ohm Bridge	2000W
140V Bridge	2000W
200V Bridge	2000W

20 Hz-20 kHz Power refers to maximum average power in watts from 20 Hz to 20 kHz with 0.35% THD.

CTS 3000	
2-ohm Dual (per ch.)	20 Hz-20 kHz Power 1500W
4-ohm Dual (per ch.)	1500W
8-ohm Dual (per ch.)	1250W
16-ohm Dual (per ch.)	625W
70V Dual (per ch.)	1500W
100V Dual (per ch.)	1500W
4-ohm Bridge	3000W
8-ohm Bridge	3000W
16-ohm Bridge	2500W
140V Bridge	3000W
200V Bridge	3000W

20 Hz-20 kHz Power refers to maximum average power in watts from 20 Hz to 20 kHz with 0.35% THD.

1 Welcome

Features (continued from page 5)

- Switchable high-pass filter for each channel provides low-frequency roll off to eliminate step down transformer saturation when used in distributed systems.
- Comprehensive array of indicators including Power, Data, and Bridge; along with Ready, Signal, Clip, Thermal and Fault for each channel, provide accurate diagnostics.
- Blue Power Indicator flashes if the amplifier shuts off due to an under/over-voltage condition on the AC mains.
- Advanced protection circuitry guards against: shorted outputs, DC, mismatched loads, general overheating, under-/over-voltage, high-frequency overloads and internal faults.

- Legendary Federal class I (BCA[®]) and class AB+B (*Multi-Mode*[®]) output topologies offer the best in amplifier reliability. CTS 600/1200 use Class AB+B; CTS 2000/3000 use Class I.
- Class I is the lowest distortion, lowest noise, and highest performing topology available among switch-mode amplifiers.
- Continuously-variable fans optimize cooling efficiency.
- Three Year, No-Fault, Fully-Transferable Warranty completely protects your investment and guarantees its specifications.

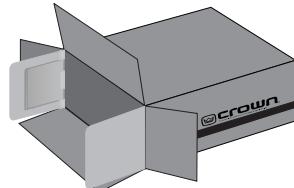
2 How to Use This Manual

This manual provides you with the necessary information to safely and correctly setup and operate your amplifier. It does not cover every aspect of installation, setup or operation that might occur under every condition. For additional information, please consult Federal's *Amplifier Application Guide* (available online at www.federalsignal-indust.com), Federal Tech Support, your system installer or retailer.

We strongly recommend you read all instructions, warnings and cautions contained in this manual. Also, for your protection, please send in your warranty registration card today. And save your bill of sale—it's your official proof of purchase.

**HISTORICAL REFERENCE
Document may not be up to date**

3 Setup



3.1 Unpack Your Amplifier

Please unpack and inspect your amplifier for any damage that may have occurred during transit. If damage is found, notify the transportation company immediately. Only you can initiate a claim for shipping damage. Federal will be happy to help as needed. Save the shipping carton as evidence of damage for the shipper's inspection.

We also recommend that you save all packing materials so you will have them if you ever need to transport the unit. **Never ship the unit without the factory pack.**

YOU WILL NEED (not supplied):

- Input wiring cables
- Output wiring cables
- Phillips screwdriver

Rack for mounting amplifier (or a stable surface for stacking)

WARNING: Before you start to set up your amplifier, make sure you read and observe the **Important Safety Instructions** found at the beginning of this manual.



3.2 Install Your Amplifier

CAUTION: Before you begin, make sure your amplifier is disconnected from the power source, with power switch in the "off" position and all level controls turned completely down (counterclockwise).

Use a standard 19-inch (48.3 cm) equipment rack. See Figure 3.1 for amplifier dimensions.

You may also stack amps without using a cabinet.

NOTE: When transporting, amplifiers should be supported at both front and back.

3.3 Ensure Proper Cooling

When using an equipment rack, mount units directly on top of each other. Close any open spaces in rack with blank panels. DO NOT block front or rear air vents. The side walls of the rack should be a minimum of two inches (5.1 cm) away from the amplifier sides, and the back of the rack should be a minimum of four inches (10.2 cm) from the amplifier back panel.

Figure 3.2 illustrates standard amplifier airflow.

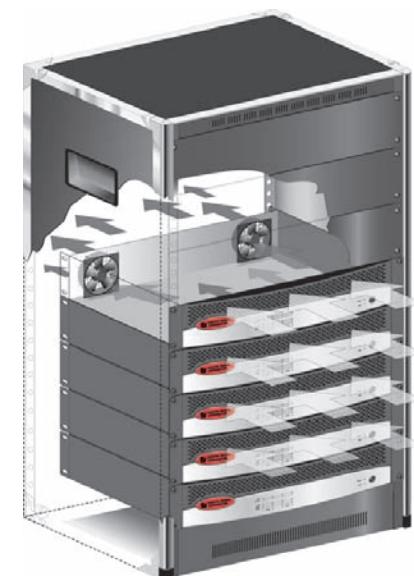


Figure 3.2 Airflow

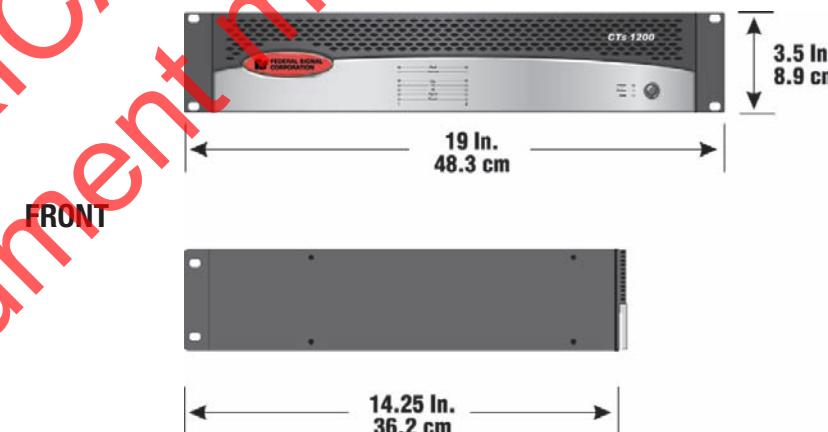


Figure 3.1 CTS 2-Channel Series Dimensions

3 Setup

3.4 Choose Input Wire and Connectors

Figure 3.3 shows connector pin assignments for balanced wiring, and Figure 3.4 shows connector pin assignments for unbalanced wiring.



NOTE: Custom wiring should only be performed by qualified personnel.

3.5 Choose Output Wire and Connectors

A protective cover is installed over the barrier-strip output. Some models have a cover with two holes. To remove this type of cover:

1. Loosen screws inside top and bottom holes of cover (see Figure 3.6).
2. Slide cover to left or right, then pull it off away from the amplifier.
3. Tighten screws.

Federal recommends using professionally constructed, high-quality, two- or four-conductor, heavy gauge speaker wire and connectors. You may use terminal forks up to 10 AWG or bare wire for your output connectors (see Figure 3.5). To prevent the possibility of short-circuits, wrap or otherwise insulate exposed loudspeaker cable connectors. For best results, Federal recommends Panduit part #PV10-10LF-L or equivalent terminal fork. Screw spacing is shown in Figure 3.5.

Using the guidelines below, select the appropriate size of wire based on the distance from amplifier to speaker (low-impedance loads only).

Distance	Wire Size
up to 25 ft. (7.6m)	16 AWG
26-40 ft. (7.9-12.2m)	14 AWG
41-60 ft. (12.5-18.3m)	12 AWG
> 60 ft (18.3m)	10 AWG



CAUTION: Never use shielded cable for output wiring.



Replace output cover after output wiring is complete.

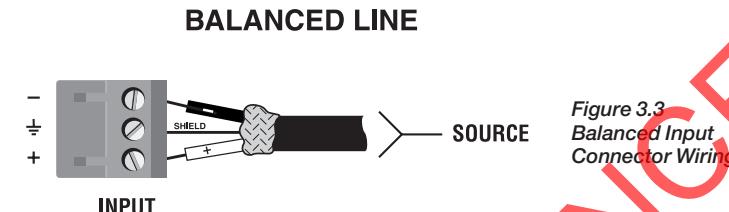


Figure 3.3
Balanced Input
Connector Wiring

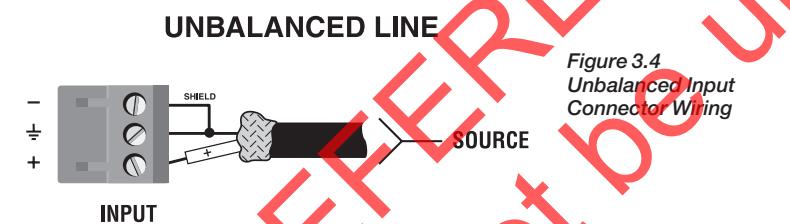


Figure 3.4
Unbalanced Input
Connector Wiring

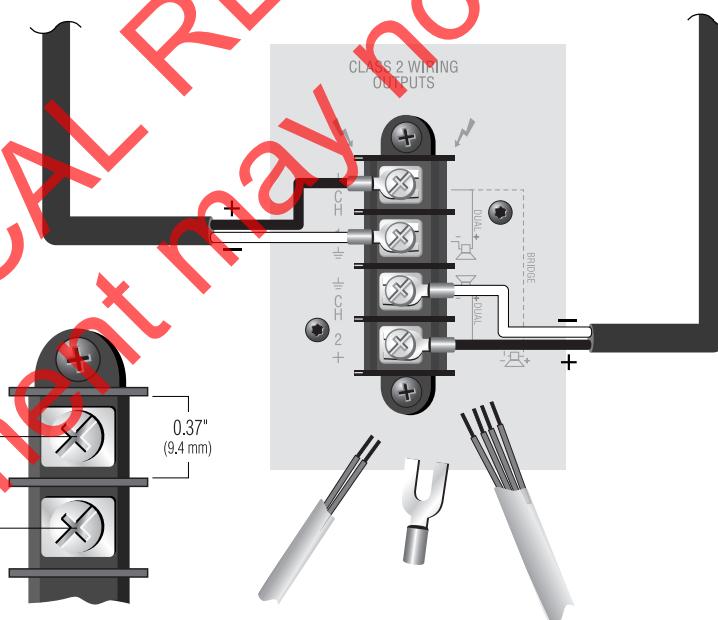


Figure 3.5 Typical Output Connector Wiring

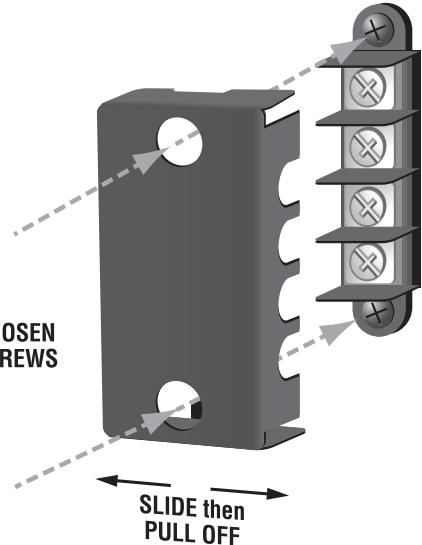


Figure 3.6 How to Remove the Two-Holed
Barrier-Block Cover

3 Setup

3.6 Wire Your System

3.6.1 Dual 8/4/2 Mode

Typical input and output wiring, along with Attenuator and Mode Switch settings are shown in Figures 3.6 and 3.7. Make sure the Mode switch is set to the "Dual" position when operating in Dual mode.

INPUTS: Connect input wiring for each channel. The Y switch on the rear PIP panel can be used to parallel the channel inputs when only mono input signals are necessary. The amplifier's channel outputs are still independent.

OUTPUTS: Maintain proper polarity (+/-) on output connectors.

Connect the Channel 1 speaker's positive (+) lead to amplifier Channel 1 positive terminal; repeat for negative (-). Repeat Channel-2 wiring as for Channel 1. Refer to Section 3.5 for output connector pin assignments.

3.6.2 Bridge-Mono 16/8/4 Mode

Typical input and output wiring, along with Attenuator and Mode Switch settings, are shown in Figures 3.8 and 3.9. Make sure the Mode switch is set to the "Mono" position when operating in Bridge-Mono mode.

INPUTS: Connect input wiring to Channel 1 only.

OUTPUTS: Connect the speaker across the positive terminals of each channel pair. Do not use the negative terminals of the channel pair when the pair is being operated in Bridge-Mono mode. Refer to Section 3.5 for output connector pin assignments.

NOTE: Federal provides a reference of wiring pin assignments for commonly used connector types in the *Federal Amplifier Application Guide* available at www.federalsignal-indust.com.

NOTE: When operating in Bridge-Mono mode, turn down (full CCW) the Input Attenuator for Channel 2. The Channel-1 Input Attenuator works both channels.

See the next page for constant-voltage operation.



Figure 3.7 System Wiring, Dual Mode

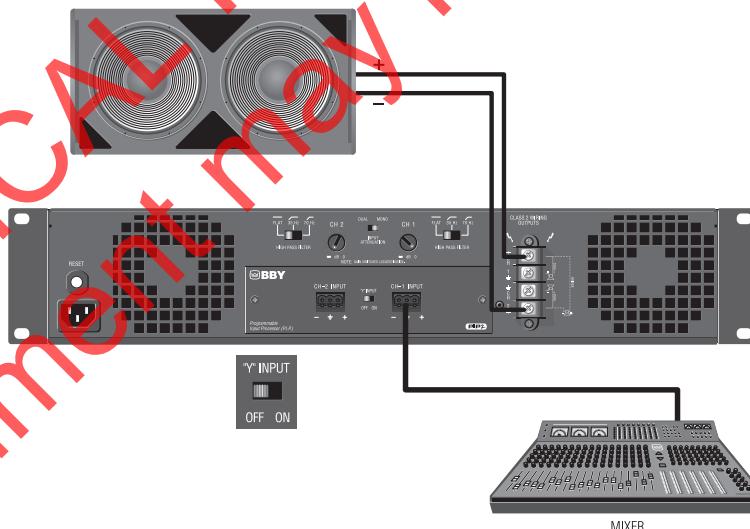


Figure 3.9 System Wiring, Bridge-Mono Mode

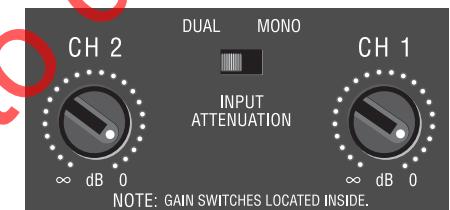


Figure 3.8 Attenuator and Mode-Switch Settings for Dual

Always route the input and output wires in separate bundles.

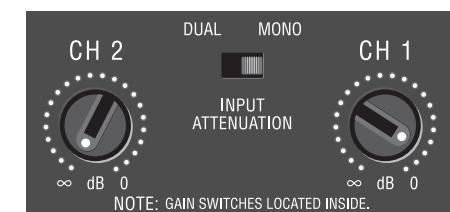


Figure 3.10 Attenuator and Mode-Switch Settings for Bridge-Mono Mode

3 Setup

3.6.3 Dual 70V/100V Mode

Typical input and output wiring, along with Attenuator and Mode Switch settings are shown in Figures 3.10 and 3.11. Make sure the Mode switch is set to the "Dual" position when operating in Dual mode.

INPUTS: Connect input wiring to both channels.

OUTPUTS: In Dual Mode, the CTS 600/1200 can power 25/50/70V lines; the CTS 2000/3000 can power 25/50/70/100V lines. Connect each channel of output connectors to speakers that have the appropriate transformers.

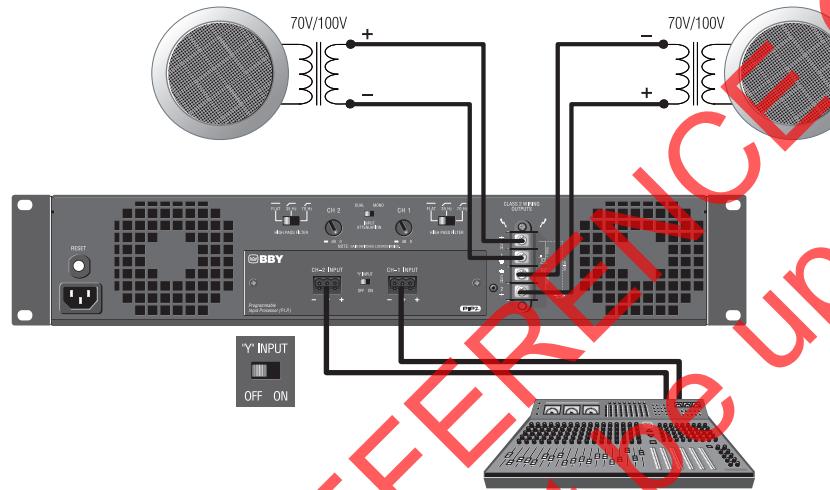


Figure 3.11 System Wiring and Y-Switch Setting for 70V/100V Operation

3.6.4 Bridge-Mono 140V/200V Mode

Typical input and output wiring, along with Attenuator and Mode Switch settings are shown in Figures 3.12 and 3.13. Make sure the Mode switch is set to the "Mono" position when operating in Bridge-Mono mode.

INPUTS: Connect input wiring to Channel 1 only.

OUTPUTS: In Bridge-Mono mode, the CTS 600/1200 can power 140V lines; the CTS 2000/3000 can power 140V and 200V lines. Connect speakers with 140V or 200V transformers across the positive terminals of the channel pair. Do not use the negative terminals of the channel pair when the pair is being operated in Bridge-Mono mode. Refer to Section 3.5 for output connector pin assignments.

NOTE: When operating in Bridge-Mono mode, turn down (full CCW) the Input Attenuator for Channel 2. The Channel-1 Input Attenuator works both channels.

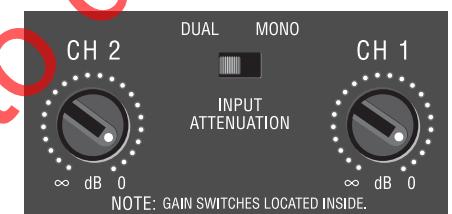


Figure 3.12 Attenuator and Mode-Switch Settings for 70V/100V Operation

Always route the input and output wires in separate bundles.

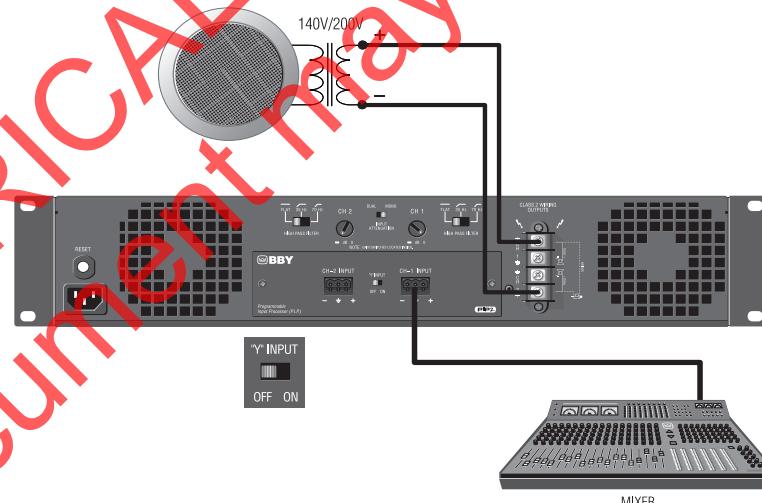


Figure 3.13 System Wiring and Y-Switch Setting for 140V/200V Operation

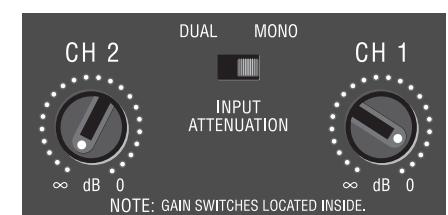


Figure 3.14 Attenuator and Mode-Switch Settings for 140V/200V Operation

3 Setup

3.6.5 Dual Mode with "Y" Input

See Figure 3.14. This configuration feeds a mono signal to both Channel 1 and Channel 2. In the example in Figure 3.14, Channel 1 is driving a low-impedance loudspeaker and Channel 2 is driving a loudspeaker with a 70V transformer.

INPUTS:

Connect the signal to the Channel 1 input. On the back panel, set the "Y" Input Switch to ON.

OUTPUTS:

Connect the Channel 1 speaker's positive (+) lead to Channel 1 positive terminal of amp; repeat for negative (-).

Connect the Channel 2 speaker's positive (+) lead to Channel 2 positive terminal of amp; repeat for negative (-).

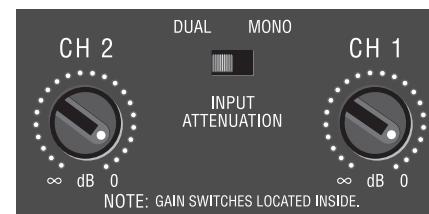
See Figure 3.15. Turn up both Input Attenuators and set the Mode Switch to Dual.

NOTE: When the "Y" Input Switch is on, the Channel 2 input can be used to daisy-chain to another amplifier.



Figure 3.15 System Wiring for "Y" Input Mode

Always route the input and output wires in separate bundles.



3.7 Connect to AC Mains

On the back panel, check whether your amplifier is labeled for 120V or 220-240V AC mains. Connect your amplifier to the corresponding AC mains power source (power outlet) with the supplied AC power cordset. First, connect the IEC end of the cordset to the IEC connector on the amplifier. Then, with the amplifier in the OFF position, plug the other end of the cordset into the AC mains.



WARNING: The third prong of this connector (ground) is an important safety feature. Do not attempt to disable this ground connection by using an adapter or other methods.

Amplifiers don't create energy. The AC mains voltage and current must be sufficient to deliver the power you expect. Check the amplifier's back-panel label which specifies the required AC mains voltage and frequency. The AC mains voltage must be no more than 15% above the required voltage, and no less than 25% below the required voltage. The AC mains frequency must be within the required frequency range. If you are unsure of the output voltage of your AC mains, please consult your electrician.

3.8 Startup Procedure

Use the following procedure when first turning on your amplifier:

1. Turn down the level of your audio source.
2. Turn down the level controls of the amplifier.
3. Turn on the "Power" switch. The Power indicator should glow. Wait for the "Ready" LED to illuminate.
4. Turn up the level of your audio source to an optimum level.
5. Turn up the Level controls on the amplifier until the desired loudness or power level is achieved. Verify that the Signal LED is flashing.
6. Turn down the level of your audio source to its normal range.

If you ever need to make any wiring or installation changes, don't forget to turn off the amplifier and disconnect the power cord.

For help with determining your system's optimum gain structure (signal levels) please refer to the Federal *Amplifier Application Guide*, available online at www.federalsignal-indust.com.

4 Operation

4.1 Precautions

Your amplifier is protected from internal and external faults, but you should still take the following precautions for optimum performance and safety:

1. Before use, your amplifier first must be configured for proper operation, including input and output wiring hookup. Improper wiring can result in serious operating difficulties. For information on wiring and configuration, please consult the Setup section of this manual or, for advanced setup techniques, consult Federal's *Amplifier Application Guide* available online at www.federalsignal-indust.com.
2. Use care when making connections, selecting signal sources and controlling the output level. The load you save may be your own!
3. Do not short the ground lead of an output cable to the input signal ground. This may form a ground loop and cause oscillations.
4. **Never connect the output to a power supply, battery or power main. Electrical shock may result.**
5. Tampering with the circuitry, or making unauthorized circuit changes may be hazardous and invalidates all agency listings.
6. Do not operate the amplifier with the red Clip LEDs constantly flashing.
7. Do not overdrive the mixer, which will cause clipped signal to be sent to the amplifier. Such signals will be reproduced with extreme accuracy, and loudspeaker damage may result.
8. Do not operate the amplifier with less than the rated load impedance. Due to the amplifier's output protection, such a configuration may result in premature clipping and speaker damage.



Remember: Federal is not liable for damage that results from overdriving other system components.

4 Operation

4.2 Front Panel Controls and Indicators

A. Fault Indicator

Red LED, one per channel, flashes when the amplifier output channel has stopped operating. Usually this means that the amplifier must be serviced.

B. Thermal Indicator

Red LED, one per channel, illuminates when the channel has shut down, or is very near shutting down, due to thermal stress or overload.

C. Ready Indicator

Green LED, one per channel, illuminates when the channel is initialized and ready to produce audio output. Indicator is off when the channel is set to standby mode via the System Architect or IQ Control Software packages.

Signal Indicators

Three green LEDs per channel indicate the amplifier's input and output signal levels. From bottom to top the LEDs are:

D. Signal: input signal is above -40 dBu.

E. -20 dB: amplifier output is within 20 dB of clipping.

F. -10 dB: amplifier output is within 10 dB of clipping.

G. Clip Indicator

Red LED, one per channel, illuminates when the channel's output signal reaches the onset of audible clipping. The Clip Indicator also will illuminate during Thermal Level Control (TLC) limiting or when the input compression limiter is protecting the amplifier from input overload.

H. Cooling Vents

Front-to-rear forced airflow.

I. Power Indicator

Blue LED indicates AC power has been applied and is within the safe operating range of the power supply. The LED will flash when the AC line voltage is approximately 15% above or 25% below the nominal rated value.

J. Data Indicator

Yellow LED indicates control activity. This LED is driven by the IQ-PIP2 module via the PIP2 interface. Note: Data indicator flashes only when the installed PIP module is polled for data, or is polled to see whether it is online.

K. Bridge Mode Indicator

Yellow LED illuminates when the rear-panel Mode Switch is set to the "Bridge" position

L. Power Switch

Push-on / push-off switch.

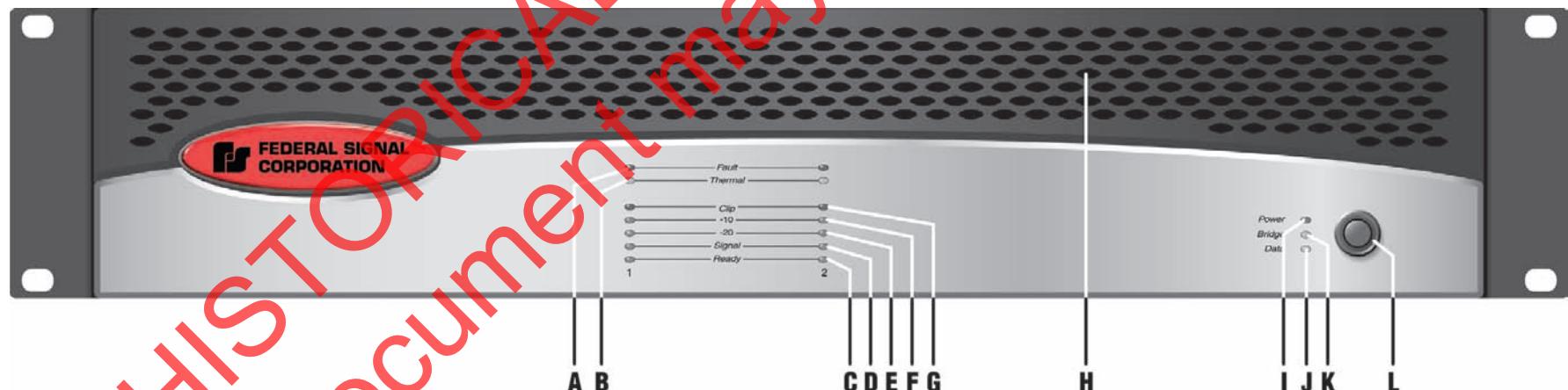


Figure 4.1 CTS 600 front panel.

4 Operation

4.3 Back Panel Controls and Connectors

CTS 2000/3000 back panel is shown. CTS 600/1200 look slightly different near the Reset button.

M. Power Cord Connector

Standard 15 amp IEC inlet. A circuit breaker located near the IEC power inlet protects the amplifier from excessive AC current draw.

N. Reset Switch

Resets the circuit breaker that protects the power supply.

O. Ventilation Grille

Air flow is front to back. Do not block the ventilation grilles.

P. PIP™ Input Panel

PIP2-BBY module includes two balanced 3-pin removable barrier connectors. The "Y" Input Switch is described under letter R.

Sensitivity Switches

Behind the input panel are the Input Sensitivity Switches. One 3-position switch per channel selects various sensitivity settings. See Section 5.2.4 for details and diagram.

Q. Mode Switch

This two-position switch is used to select the amplifier's mode of operation: Dual or Bridge Mono.

Dual mode is used for 2/4 ohms, for 70V operation with the CTS 600/1200, and for 70/100V operation with the CTS 2000/3000.

Bridge mode is used for 4/8/16 ohms, for 140V operation with the CTS 600/1200, and for 100/140/200V operation with the CTS 2000/3000.

R. "Y" Input Switch

When set to ON, this switch parallels the input signals of the two channels, for use when the input signal is mono. The amplifier's channel outputs are still independent. The "Y" Input Switch also can

be used to daisy-chain the signal to another amplifier. See Section 3.6.5 for details.

S. Input Connectors

Balanced 3-pin terminal block connectors, one per channel.

T. Channel Level Controls

One 21-position detented rotary attenuator per channel, ranging from -100 dB to 0 dB gain.

U. High-Pass Filter

One 3-position switch per channel selects between OFF, 35Hz and 70Hz 3rd-order filters.

V. Speaker Connectors

One four-pole touch-proof terminal strip. Accepts up to 10 AWG terminal forks.

Output Cover (not shown)

This covers the output connectors, protecting users from the connectors' potentially high voltage. This cover is required for Class 2 wiring installations. See Section 3.5 for details on removing covers that have two holes.

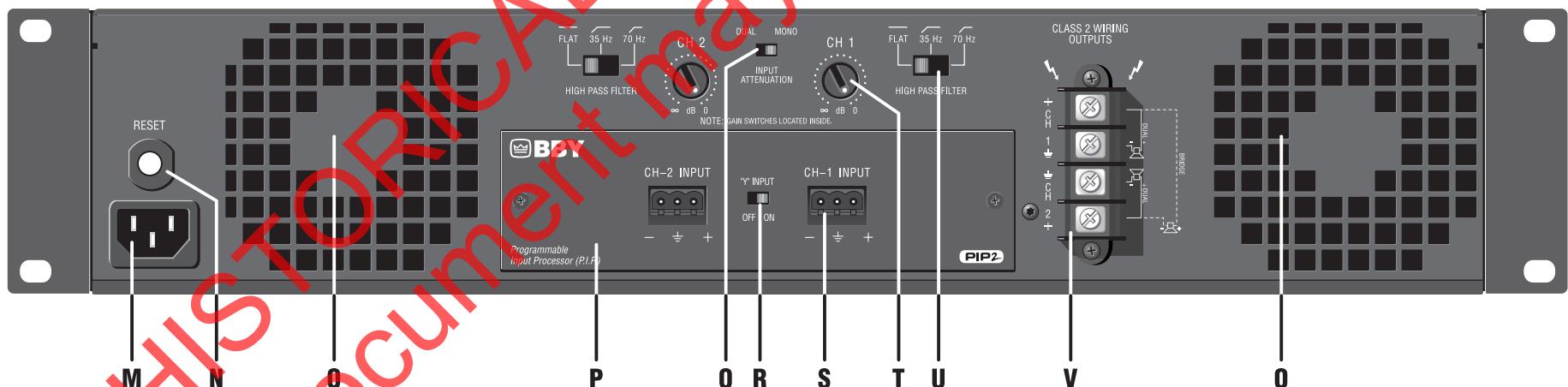


Figure 4.2 CTS 2000 and 3000 Back Panel Controls and Connectors

5 Advanced Features and Options

NOTE: For detailed information about these Federal amplifier features, please consult the *Federal Amplifier Application Guide*, available on the Federal website at www.federalsignal-indust.com.

5.1 Protection Systems

Your Federal amplifier provides extensive protection and diagnostic capabilities, including thermal level control, fault indicators, high-pass filtering, DC protect, AC under/over voltage protection, inrush limiting, and variable-speed fans.

5.1.1 Thermal Level Control (TLC)

If the amplifier becomes too hot for safe operation, the light will shine brightly and TLC will engage the input compressor. By compressing the input, the amplifier will not generate as much heat and will have a chance to cool down. The degree of compression is proportional to the amount of overheating. This feature allows the show to go on, rather than having the amplifier shut down.

5.1.2 Junction Temperature Simulation (JTS) (CTS 600/1200 only)

JTS circuitry simulates the operation of the amplifier's output transistors, and compares it against the transistors known Safe Operation Area (SOA). If JTS sees that more power is about to be asked of the output devices than they are capable of delivering under the present conditions, JTS immediately limits the drive level until it falls within the SOA. Limiting is proportional and kept to an absolute minimum only what is required to prevent the possibility of output transistor damage.

This level of protection enables Federal to increase output transistor utilization while also greatly increasing amplifier reliability.

5.1.3 Fault

The amplifier will light the Fault LED if the amplifier output stage stops operating. If this happens, see Section 8 for servicing information.

5.1.4 High-Pass Filters

Very low frequency signals contain no useful musical energy, waste valuable amplifier power and headroom, and can be damaging to your speakers. Your Federal amplifier provides high-pass filters to remove these signals from each channel's output.

On the back panel are two 3-position 3rd-order high-pass filter switches (one per channel) with selections of Off, 35Hz and 70 Hz.

5.1.5 Low-Pass Filters

Gaussian-approximation ultrasonic filters prevent ultrasonic feedback and HF burnout in drivers. This type of filter preserves transient response better than a Butterworth filter.

5.1.6 AC Under/Over Voltage Protection

If the AC line voltage drops below 25% or rises above 15% of the nominal operating voltage of the amplifier, the amplifier's power supply turns off and the blue Power LED flashes. The amplifier will turn back on when the AC line voltage returns to safe operating levels (within +15% / -25%).

5.1.7 Circuit Breaker

A circuit breaker located near the IEC power inlet protects the amplifier from excessive AC current draw.

5.1.8 DC Output Servo

The output servo circuit protects your drivers by eliminating DC offset, even in the presence of very large asymmetrical signals.

5.1.9 Inrush Limiting

A soft-start circuit in the power supply minimizes the amplifier's current draw during power-on.

5.1.10 Variable-speed Fans

Two continuously variable speed fans direct the airflow through the amplifier for cooling.

5.2 Advanced Features

5.2.1 Switching Power Supply

Federal's Switching Power Supply minimizes the amplifier's weight.

Typical non-switching power supplies require large, heavy transformers in order to produce the required power at the output stage. These transformers must be large to operate at 50 to 60 Hz (standard AC supplied by the power company).

By contrast, switching power supplies can operate with a much smaller (and lighter) transformer because they first convert the AC up to a much higher frequency, thereby reducing waste.

The power supply is voltage-specific, allowing use in regions using 120V or 240V.

5.2.2 Input Compressor

Prevent input/output overload.

5.2.3 Sleep Circuit

Lowers standby power consumption by shutting down the high-voltage supplies during idle periods.

NOTE: By default, the sleep circuit is not active on the CTS 600/1200, but may be activated as a service option.

5 Advanced Features and Options

5.2.4 Input Sensitivity Switches

See Figures 5.1 and 5.2. To access the Input Sensitivity Switches, turn off the amplifier and remove the PIP2-BBY Input Panel. The switches are in the top surface of the cavity behind the Input Panel. One 3-position switch per channel selects among these settings: CTS 600/1200: 1.4V (8/4 ohms), 26 dB gain, and 1.4V (70V operation). CTS 2000/3000: 1.4V (8/4 ohms), 26 dB gain, and 1.4V (70V) / 2V (100V). The Specifications chapter lists the input sensitivity for the 26 dB gain setting.

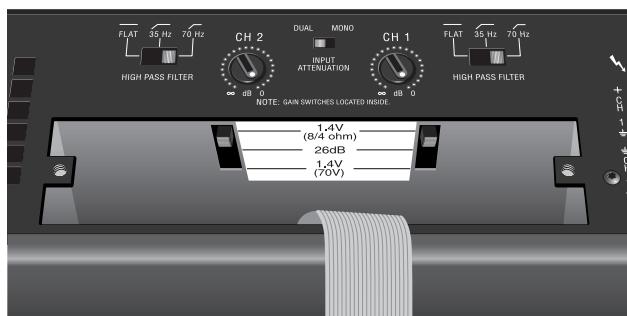


Figure 5.1 Input Sensitivity Switches for CTS 600/1200



Figure 5.2 Input Sensitivity Switches for CTS 2000/3000

5.3 Options

T-170V: See Figure 5.3. This is an autoformer that allows 100V output from the CTS 600/1200, and allows other amplifiers without direct constant voltage output to be easily integrated into distributed systems.

TP-170V: See Figure 5.4. This is a rack-mountable panel with four autoformers as described above.

PIP Modules

Versatile PIP (Programmable Input Processor) modules provide flexible expansion features that can be added to customize the amplifier. PIP modules plug into the connector inside the back panel of the amplifier. PIP modules are available with features ranging from error-driven compressor/limiters to crossovers to remote control and monitoring via IQwire™ or System Architect software. If your amplifier is a PIP2 amplifier, which means it can take advantage of the many advanced features found in PIP2 modules. The CTS Series 2-channel models do not accept earlier PIP modules.

Visit the Federal website at www.federalsignal-indust.com, or contact Federal's Customer Service, for descriptions of available PIP and PIP2 modules.



Figure 5.3 T-170V

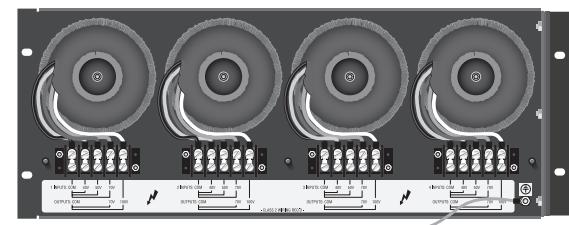


Figure 5.4 TP-170V (back view)

5 Advanced Features and Options

5.3.1 Nominal Attenuation Settings

The signal level for each input can be attenuated repeatably by adjusting the 21-step Level Control (see Section 4.3). Figure 5.5 shows the attenuation in dB for each detent. The setting of the input-sensitivity switch varies the actual attenuation as shown.

The accuracy of the attenuation varies with the setting. Expected tolerances are:

Potentiometer steps 0-6 dB: ± 1 dB

Potentiometer steps 6-12 dB: ± 1.5 dB

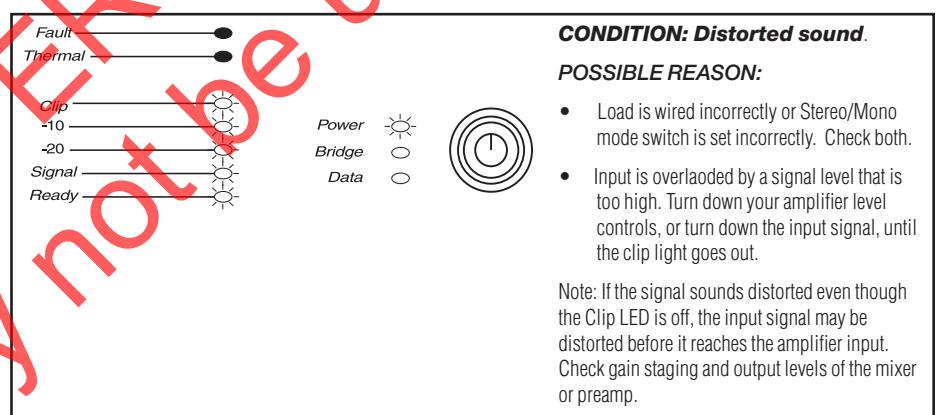
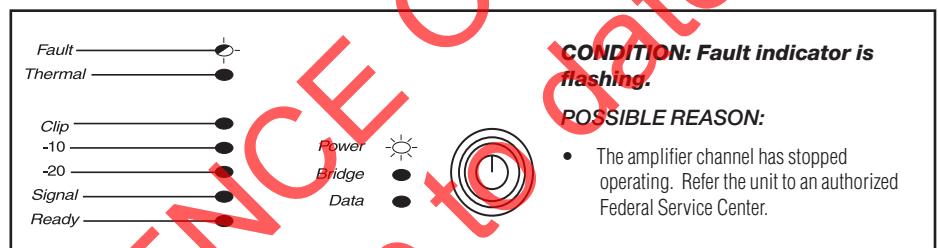
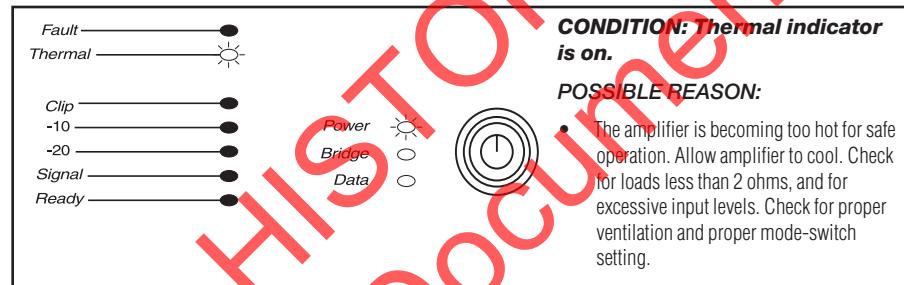
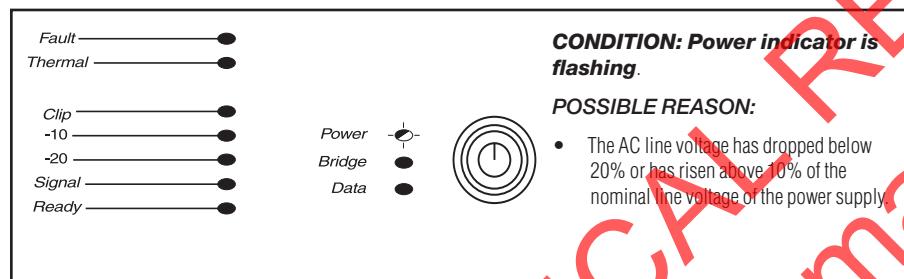
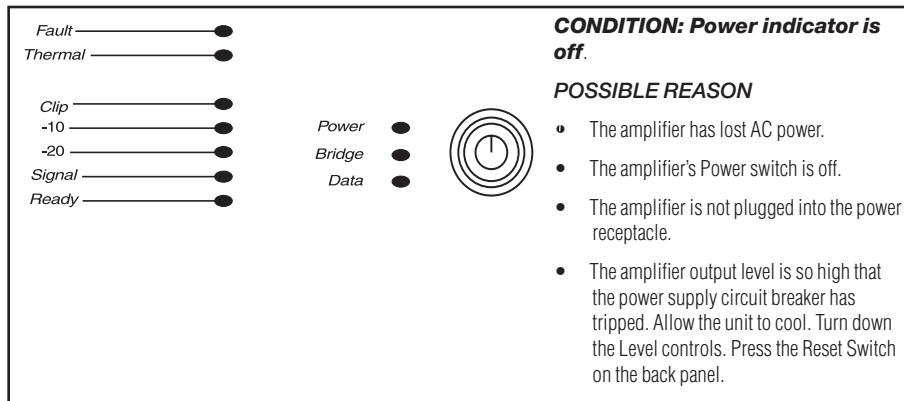
Potentiometer steps 12-24 dB: ± 3 dB

Potentiometer steps 24-54 dB: ± 6 dB

Attenuation in dB			
Detent	26 dB	Tolerance (dB)	4/8 ohm or 70/100V
0 (full CCW)	OFF	—	OFF
1	48.0	± 6	54.0
2	36.0	± 6	42.0
3	24.0	± 6	30.0
4	21.0	± 3	26.0
5	18.0	± 3	24.0
6	15.0	± 3	22.0
7	13.5	± 3	20.0
8	12.0	± 1.5	18.0
9	10.5	± 1.5	16.0
10	9.0	± 1.5	14.5
11	8.0	± 1.5	13.0
12	7.0	± 1.5	11.0
13	6.0	± 1	9.5
14	5.0	± 1	8.0
15	4.0	± 1	6.5
16	3.0	± 1	5.0
17	2.0	± 1	3.5
18	1.0	± 1	1.5
19	0.5	$+1-5$	0.5
20 (full CW)	0.0	—	0.0

Figure 5.5 Level-control Attenuation per Detent for CTS 2-Channel Amplifiers

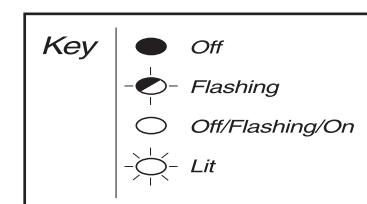
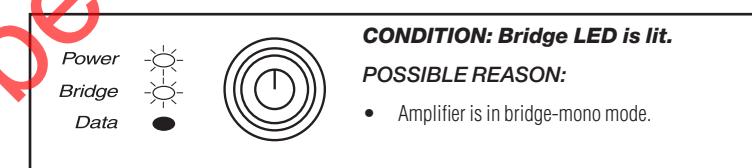
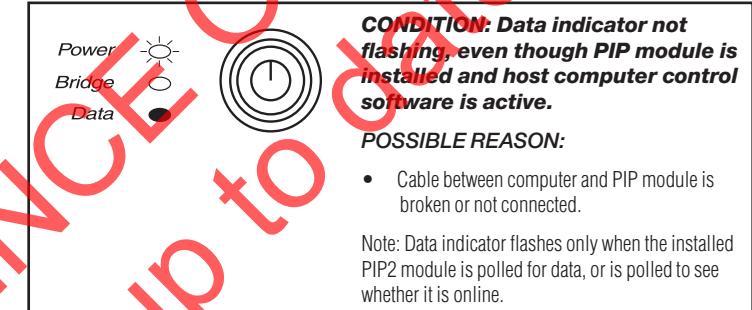
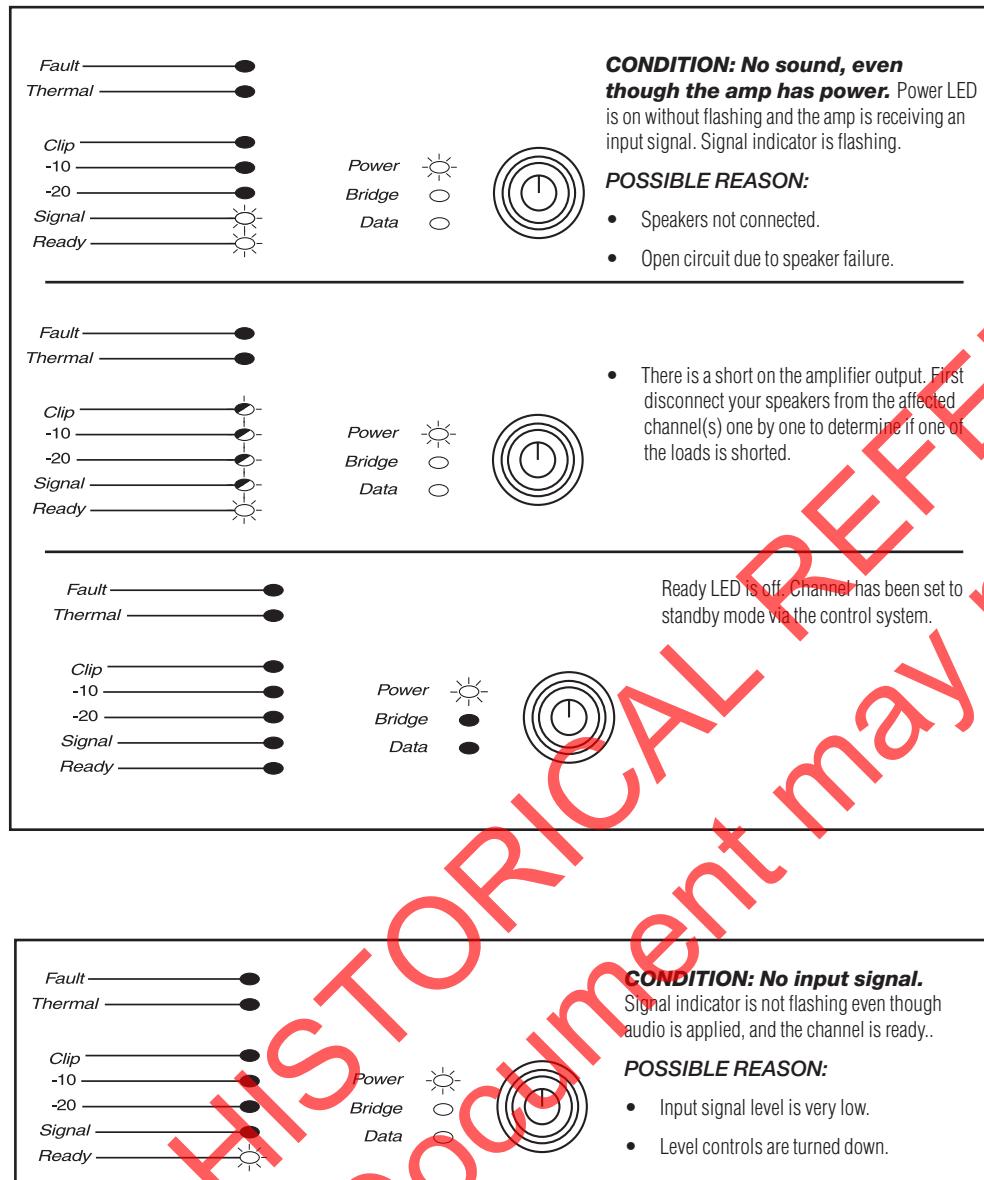
6 Troubleshooting



Key	Off
-	Flashing
○	Off/Flashing/On
●	Lit

"Off/Flashing/On" above means that the LED can be off, or flashing, or on.

6 Troubleshooting



"Off/Flashing/On" above means that the LED can be off, or flashing, or on.

7 Specifications

Minimum Guaranteed Power (20 Hz - 20 kHz)	CTS 600 Power at 0.1% THD	CTS 1200 Power at 0.1% THD	CTS 2000 Power at 0.35% THD	CTS 3000 Power at 0.35% THD
2-ohm Dual (per ch.)	150W	250W	1000W	1500W
4-ohm Dual (per ch.)	300W	600W	1000W	1500W
8-ohm Dual (per ch.)	300W	600W	1000W	1250W
16-ohm Dual (per ch.)	300W	300W	625W	625W
70V Dual (per ch.)	300W	600W	1000W	1500W
100V Dual (per ch.)	300W*	600W*	1000W	1500W
4-ohm Bridge	300W	500W	2000W	3000W
8-ohm Bridge	600W	1200W	2000W	3000W
16-ohm Bridge	600W	1200W	2000W	2500W
100V Bridge	600W*	1200W*	2000W	3000W
140V Bridge	600W	1200W	2000W	3000W
200V Bridge	600W*	1200W*	2000W	3000W
Performance	CTS 600	CTS 1200	CTS 2000	CTS 3000
Frequency Response (at 1 watt, 20 Hz - 20 kHz)	±0.25 dB	±0.25 dB	±0.25 dB	±0.25 dB
Signal to Noise Ratio (ref. rated power, 20 Hz to 20 kHz, A-weighted)	105 dB	<105 dB	<105 dB	<105 dB
Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) at full rated power, from 20 Hz to 20 kHz	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.35%	<0.35%
Intermodulation Distortion (IMD) 60 Hz and 7 kHz at 4:1, from -40 dB to full rated power	<0.1%	<0.1%	<0.35%	<0.35%
Damping Factor: 10 Hz to 100 Hz	>3000	>3000	>3000	>3000
Crosstalk (below rated power) 20 Hz to 1kHz	>80 dB	>80 dB	>80 dB	>80 dB
Common Mode Rejection (CMR) (20 Hz to 1 kHz, typical)	50 dB	50 dB	50 dB	50 dB
DC Output Offset	<2 mV	<2mV	<2 mV	<2 mV
Input Impedance nominally balanced, nominally unbalanced	10 k ohms, 5 k ohms	10 k ohms, 5 k ohms	10 k ohms, 5 k ohms	10 k ohms, 5 k ohms

* With T-170V or TP-170V.

**

Performance	CTS 600	CTS 1200	CTS 2000	CTS 3000
Maximum Input Level				
Before input compression	+20 dBu	+20 dBu	+20 dBu	+20 dBu
Absolute maximum	+32 dBu	+32 dBu	+32 dBu	+32 dBu
Load Impedance (Note: Safe with all types of loads)				
Stereo	2, 4, 8, 16 ohms, 70V, and 100V*	2, 4, 8, 16 ohms, 70V, and 100V*	2, 4, 8, 16, 70V, and 100V	2, 4, 8, 16, 70V, and 100V
Bridge Mono	4, 8, 16, 100V*, 140V and 200V*	4, 8, 16, 100V*, 140V and 200V*	4, 8, 16, 140V, 200V	4, 8, 16, 140V, 200V
Voltage Gain (at maximum level setting)				
8/4 Ohm Operation	35:1 (31 dB)	50:1 (34 dB)	63.9:1 (36 dB)	71.4:1 (37 dB)
26 dB	20:1 (26 dB)	20:1 (26 dB)	20:1 (26 dB)	20:1 (26 dB)
70V Operation	50:1 (34 dB)	50:1 (34 dB)	50:1 (34 dB)	50:1 (34 dB)
100V Operation			50:1 (34 dB)	50:1 (34 dB)
Input Sensitivity				
2/4/8 ohms	1.4V	1.4V	1.4V	1.4V
70V	1.4V	1.4V	1.4V	1.4V
100 V			2.0V	2.0V
26 dB gain	4 ohm load: 1.74V. 8 ohm load: 2.46V	4 ohm load: 2.46V. 8 ohm load: 3.47V	4 ohm load: 3.17V. 8 ohm load: 4.48V	4 ohm load: 3.88V. 8 ohm load: 5.01V
Required AC Mains (+15%, - 25%)	120V/60 Hz, 230V/50 Hz			
Power Draw at Idle (120 VAC mains)	24W (Standby Mode)	24W (Standby Mode)	35W (Standby Mode)	35W (Standby Mode)
Overall Group Delay	< 120 usec	< 120 usec	< 120 usec	< 120 usec
Cooling	Continuously variable speed forced air, front-to-back airflow			
Dimensions				
Width	19 in. (48.3 cm.)			
Height	3.5 in. (8.9 cm.)			
Depth	14.25 in. (36.2 cm.)			
Net Weight	22.8 lb (10.3 kg), 27.7 lb (12.6 kg)	23.4 lb (10.6 kg), 28.3 lb (12.8 kg)	27.0 lb (12.2 kg) 32.0 lb (14.5 kg)	27.7 lb (12.6 kg) 32.7 lb (14.8 kg)
Shipping Weight				

* With T-170V or TP-170V.

**

7 Specifications

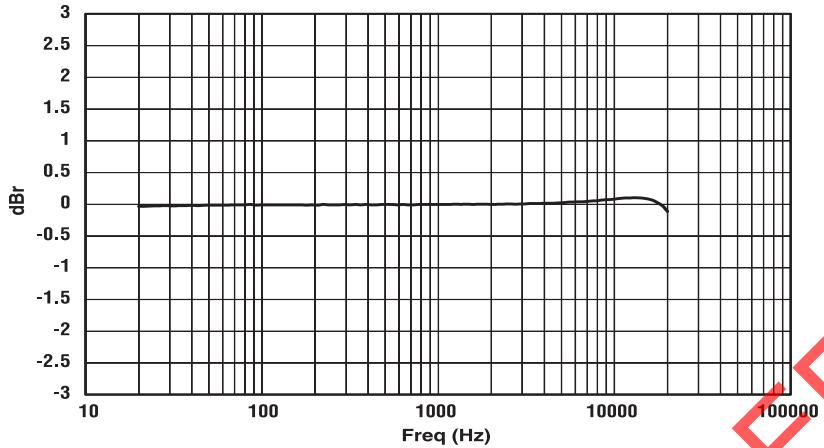


Figure 7.1 CTS 600/1200 Typical Frequency Response (1 W, 8 ohms)

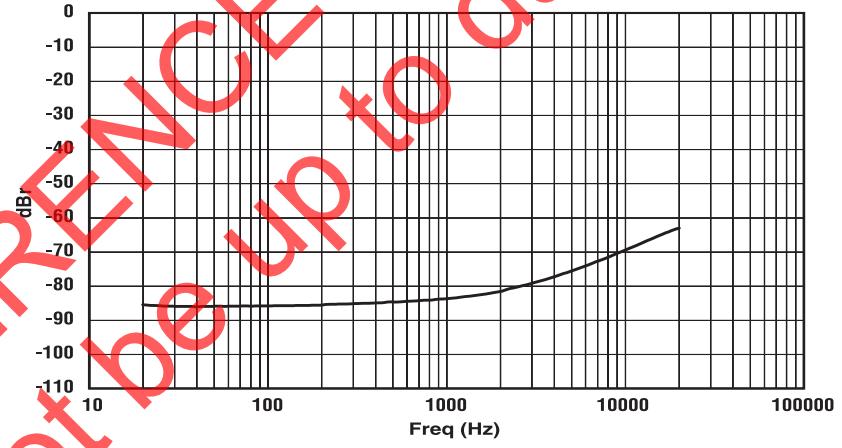


Figure 7.2 CTS 600/1200 Typical Crosstalk vs. Frequency

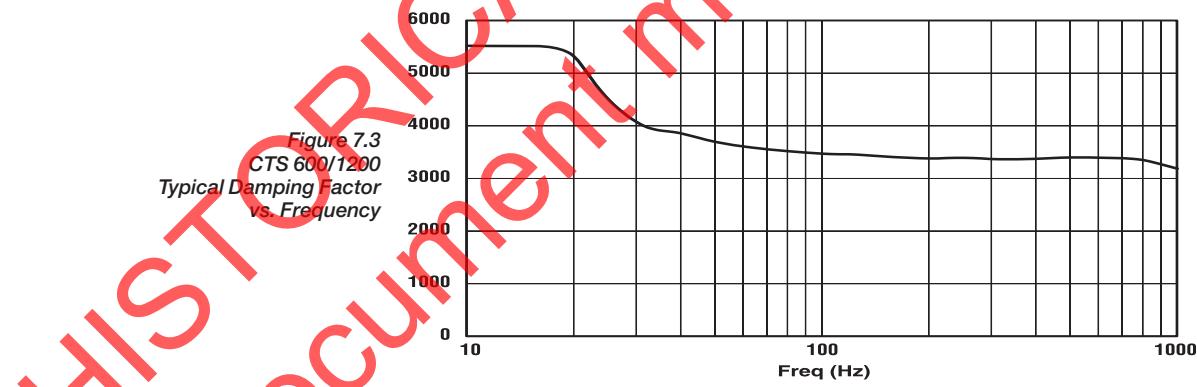


Figure 7.3
CTS 600/1200
Typical Damping Factor
vs. Frequency

7 Specifications

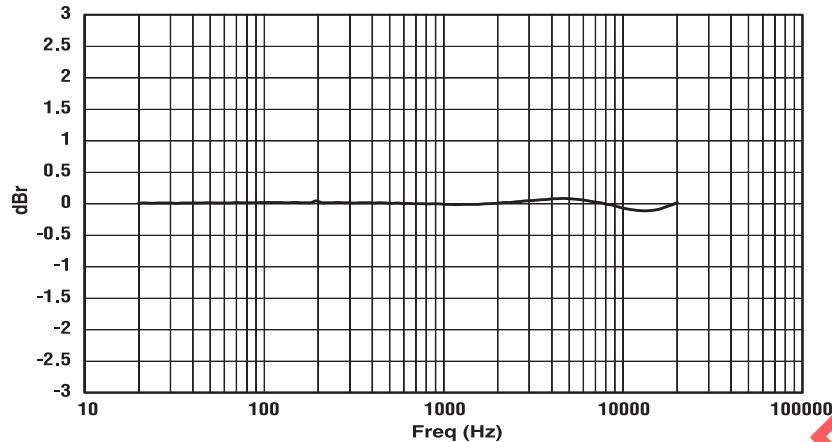


Figure 7.4 CTS 2000/3000 Typical Frequency Response (1W)

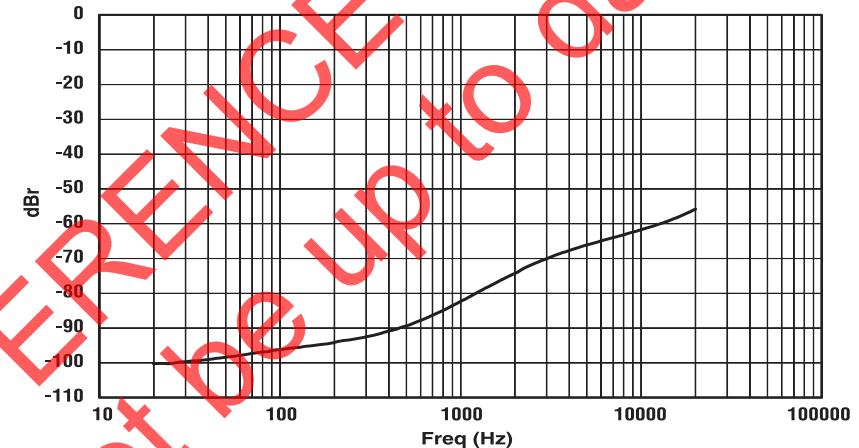


Figure 7.5 CTS 2000/3000 Typical Crosstalk vs. Frequency



Figure 7.6
CTS 2000/3000
Typical Damping Factor vs.
Frequency

8 AC Power Draw and Thermal Dissipation

AC Power Draw and Thermal Dissipation:

Pink noise 12dB crest factor, bandwidth limited 22Hz to 22kHz.

Typical line impedance used.□

Measurements made with 120VAC mains. Line current figures for 230VAC units derived by multiplying 120VAC figures by 0.5.□

Data based on all channels driven.

CTS 600									
	Load	Rated Power	Line Current 120VAC	Line Current 230VAC	Watts			Thermal Dissipation	
					watts in	watts out	dissipated	Btu/hr	kcal/hr
At Idle					60	0	60	205	52
1/8th Power Pink Noise Typical of program material just at clip.	8 Ohms/Ch. 16 Ohms Bridge	300x2 600	5.8	2.9	461	78	383	1307	330
	4 Ohms/Ch. 8 Ohms Bridge	300x2 600	7.4□	3.7□	631□	78□	554□	1890□	477□
	2 Ohms/Ch. 4 Ohms Bridge	150x2 300	7.0□	3.5□	583□	38□	545□	1859	469□
	70V/Ch. 140/200V Bridge	300x2□ 600	4.2	2.1	336	75	261	892	225
1/3rd Power Pink Noise Typical of program material with severe clipping.	8 Ohms/Ch. 16 Ohms Bridge	300x2 600	8.6	4.3	716	200	516	1760	444
	4 Ohms/Ch. 8 Ohms Bridge	300x2 600	11.3□	5.6□	968□	204□	764□	2608□	657□
	2 Ohms/Ch. 4 Ohms Bridge	150x2 300	10.8	5.4□	964□	102□	862□	2942□	742□
	70V/Ch. 140/200V Bridge	300x2□ 600	6.5	3.3	527	207	320	1091	275

8 AC Power Draw and Thermal Dissipation

AC Power Draw and Thermal Dissipation:

Pink noise 12dB crest factor, bandwidth limited 22Hz to 22kHz.

Typical line impedance used.□

Measurements made with 120VAC mains. Line current figures for 230VAC units derived by multiplying 120VAC figures by 0.5.□

Data based on all channels driven.

CTS 1200									
	Load	Rated Power	Line Current 120VAC	Line Current 230VAC	Watts			Thermal Dissipation	
					watts in	watts out	dissipated	Btu/hr	kcal/hr
At Idle					60	0	60	205	52
1/8th Power Pink Noise Typical of program material just at clip.	8 Ohms/Ch. 16 Ohms Bridge	600x2 1200	7.6	3.8	641	157	484	1651	416
	4 Ohms/Ch. 8 Ohms Bridge	600x2 1200	10.0	5.0	872	151	720	2458	620
	2 Ohms/Ch. 4 Ohms Bridge	250x2 500	8.8	4.4	1330	405	925	3158	796□
	100V/Ch. 140/200V Bridge	600x2□ 1200	7.6	3.8	641	157	484	1651	416
1/3rd Power Pink Noise Typical of program material with severe clipping.	8 Ohms/Ch. 16 Ohms Bridge	600x2 1200	11.5	5.7	996	403	593	2025	511
	4 Ohms/Ch. 8 Ohms Bridge	600x2 1200	15.5	7.8	1372	405	967	3300	832
	2 Ohms/Ch. 4 Ohms Bridge	250x2 500	13.4	6.7	1217	168	1050	3582	903
	70V/Ch. 140/200V Bridge	600x2□ 1200	11.5	5.7	996	403	593	2025	511

8 AC Power Draw and Thermal Dissipation

AC Power Draw and Thermal Dissipation:

Pink noise 12dB crest factor, bandwidth limited 22Hz to 22kHz.

Typical line impedance used.

Measurements made with 120VAC mains. Data based on all channels driven.

Line current figures for 230VAC units derived by multiplying 120VAC figures by 0.5.

Line current figures for 100VAC units (not shown) are 1.2 times the line current figures of 120VAC units.

Power draw ("watts in") of 100VAC units is the same as power draw of 120VAC units.

CTS 2000									
	Load	Rated Power	Line Current 120VAC	Line Current 230VAC	Watts			Thermal Dissipation	
					watts in	watts out	dissipated	Btu/hr	kcal/hr
At Idle (sleep mode)					40	0	40	137	34
1/8th Power Pink Noise Typical of program material just at clip.	8 Ohms/Ch. 16 Ohms Bridge	1000x2 2000	6.6	3.3	546	256	290	988	249
	4 Ohms/Ch. 8 Ohms Bridge	1000x2 2000	7.0	3.5	563	255	307	1049	264
	2 Ohms/Ch. 4 Ohms Bridge	1000x2 2000	7.2	3.6	602	251	351	1198	302
	70/100V/Ch. 140/200V Bridge	1000x2 2000	6.7	3.4	639	257	382	1304	329
1/3rd Power Pink Noise Typical of program material with severe clipping.	8 Ohms/Ch. 16 Ohms Bridge	1000x2 2000	11.3	5.6	980	676	304	1036	261
	4 Ohms/Ch. 8 Ohms Bridge	1000x2 2000	12.3	6.2	1064	672	392	1338	337
	2 Ohms/Ch. 4 Ohms Bridge	1000x2 2000	13.7	6.9	1190	705	485	1655	417
	70/100V/Ch. 140/200V Bridge	1000x2 2000	11.6	5.8	990	674	316	1080	272

8 AC Power Draw and Thermal Dissipation

AC Power Draw and Thermal Dissipation:

Pink noise 12dB crest factor, bandwidth limited 22Hz to 22kHz.

Typical line impedance used.

Measurements made with 120VAC mains. Data based on all channels driven.

Line current figures for 230VAC units derived by multiplying 120VAC figures by 0.5.

Line current figures for 100VAC units (not shown) are 1.2 times the line current figures of 120VAC units.

Power draw ("watts in") of 100VAC units is the same as power draw of 120VAC units.

CTS 3000									
	Load	Rated Power	Line Current 120VAC	Line Current 230VAC	Watts			Thermal Dissipation	
					watts in	watts out	dissipated	Btu/hr	kcal/hr
At Idle (sleep mode)					40	0	40	137	34
1/8th Power Pink Noise Typical of program material just at clip.	8 Ohms/Ch.	1000x2	7.2	3.6	579	313	266	907	229
	16 Ohms Bridge	2000							
	4 Ohms/Ch.	1000x2	8.5	4.2	697	381	316	1079	272
	8 Ohms Bridge	2000							
	2 Ohms/Ch.	1000x2	9.6	4.8	790	384	405	1384	349
1/3rd Power Pink Noise Typical of program material with severe clipping.	4 Ohms Bridge	2000							
	70/100V/Ch.	1000x2	7.2	3.6	579	313	266	907	229
	140/200V Bridge	2000							
	8 Ohms/Ch.	1250x2	13.7	6.8	1196	835	360	1230	310
	16 Ohms Bridge	2500							
1/3rd Power Pink Noise Typical of program material with severe clipping.	4 Ohms/Ch.	1500x2	16.2	8.1	1469	1010	459	1565	395
	8 Ohms Bridge	3000							
	2 Ohms/Ch.	1500x2	19.2	9.6	1686	1024	662	2259	570
	4 Ohms Bridge	3000							
	70/100V/Ch.	1500x2	13.7	6.8	1196	835	360	1230	310
	140/200V Bridge	3000							

9 Service^a

The Federal factory will service your equipment or provide technical assistance with any problems that cannot be handled locally.

Any units returned to Federal Signal for service, inspection, or repair must be accompanied by a Return Material Authorization. This R.M.A. can be obtained from a local Distributor or Manufacturer's Representative.

At this time a brief explanation of the service requested, or the nature of the malfunction, should be provided.

Address all communications and shipments to:
FEDERAL SIGNAL CORPORATION
Electrical Products Division
Service Department
2645 Federal Signal Drive
University Park, IL 60484

HISTORICAL REFERENCE ONLY
Document may not be up to date

10 Warranty

**HISTORICAL Document
Not be used to date**

SUMMARY OF WARRANTY

Federal Signal Corporation warrants to you, the ORIGINAL PURCHASER and ANY SUBSEQUENT OWNER of each NEW Federal product, for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase by the original purchaser (the "warranty period") that the new Federal product is free of defects in materials and workmanship. We further warrant the new Federal product regardless of the reason for failure, except as excluded in this Warranty.

Warranty is only valid within the country in which the product was purchased.

ITEMS EXCLUDED FROM THIS FEDERAL WARRANTY

This Federal Warranty is in effect only for failure of a new Federal product which occurred within the Warranty Period. It does not cover any product which has been damaged because of any intentional misuse, accident, negligence, or loss which is covered under any of your insurance contracts. This Federal Warranty also does not extend to the new Federal product if the serial number has been defaced, altered, or removed.

WHAT THE WARRANTOR WILL DO

We will remedy any defect, regardless of the reason for failure (except as excluded), by repair, replacement, or refund. We may not elect refund unless you agree, or unless we are unable to provide replacement, and repair is not practical or cannot be timely made. If a refund is elected, then you must make the defective or malfunctioning product available to us free and clear of all liens or other encumbrances. The refund will be equal to the actual purchase price, not including interest, insurance, closing costs, and other finance

charges less a reasonable depreciation on the product from the date of original purchase. Warranty work can only be performed at our authorized service centers or at the factory. Warranty work for some products can only be performed at our factory. We will remedy the defect and ship the product from the service center or our factory within a reasonable time after receipt of the defective product at our authorized service center or our factory. All expenses in remedying the defect, including surface shipping costs in the United States, will be borne by us. (You must bear the expense of shipping the product between any foreign country and the port of entry in the United States including the return shipment, and all taxes, duties, and other customs fees for such foreign shipments.)

HOW TO OBTAIN WARRANTY SERVICE

You must notify us of your need for warranty service within the warranty period. All components must be shipped in a factory pack, which, if needed, may be obtained from us free of charge. Corrective action will be taken within a reasonable time of the date of receipt of the defective product by us or our authorized service center. If the repairs made by us or our authorized service center are not satisfactory, notify us or our authorized service center immediately.

DISCLAIMER OF CONSEQUENTIAL AND INCIDENTAL DAMAGES

YOU ARE NOT ENTITLED TO RECOVER FROM US ANY INCIDENTAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY DEFECT IN THE NEW FEDERAL PRODUCT. THIS INCLUDES ANY DAMAGE TO ANOTHER PRODUCT OR PRODUCTS RESULTING FROM

SUCH A DEFECT. SOME STATES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATIONS OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, SO THE ABOVE LIMITATION OR EXCLUSION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU.

WARRANTY ALTERATIONS

No person has the authority to enlarge, amend, or modify this Federal Warranty. This Federal Warranty is not extended by the length of time which you are deprived of the use of the new Federal product. Repairs and replacement parts provided under the terms of this Federal Warranty shall carry only the unexpired portion of this Federal Warranty.

DESIGN CHANGES

We reserve the right to change the design of any product from time to time without notice and with no obligation to make corresponding changes in products previously manufactured.

LEGAL REMEDIES OF PURCHASER

THIS FEDERAL WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS, YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS WHICH VARY FROM STATE TO STATE. No action to enforce this Federal Warranty shall be commenced after expiration of the warranty period.

THIS STATEMENT OF WARRANTY SUPERSEDES ANY OTHERS CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL FOR FEDERAL PRODUCTS. 03/11

WORLDWIDE EXCEPT USA & CANADA**SUMMARY OF WARRANTY**

Crown International, 1718 West Mishawaka Road, Elkhart, Indiana 46517-4095 U.S.A. warrants to you, the ORIGINAL PURCHASER and ANY SUBSEQUENT OWNER of each NEW Crown1 product, for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase by the original purchaser (the "warranty period") that the new Crown product is free of defects in materials and workmanship, and we further warrant the new Crown product regardless of the reason for failure, except as excluded in this Warranty.

Warranty is only valid within the country in which the product is purchased.

1 Note: If your unit bears the name "Amcron," please substitute it for the name "Crown" in this warranty.

ITEMS EXCLUDED FROM THIS CROWN-WARRANTY

This Crown Warranty is in effect only for failure of a new Crown product which occurred within the Warranty Period. It does not cover any product which has been damaged because of any intentional misuse, accident, negligence, or loss which is covered under any of your insurance contracts. This Crown Warranty also does not extend to the new Crown product if the serial number has been defaced, altered, or removed.

WHAT THE WARRANTOR WILL DO

We will remedy any defect, regardless of the reason for failure (except as excluded), by repair, replacement, or refund. We may not elect refund unless you agree, or unless we are unable to provide replacement, and repair is not practical or cannot be timely made. If a refund is elected, then you must make the defective or malfunctioning product available to us free and clear of all liens or other encumbrances. The refund will be equal to the actual purchase price, not including interest, insurance, closing costs, and other finance charges less a reasonable depreciation on the product from the date of original purchase. Warranty work can only be performed at our authorized service centers. We will remedy the defect and ship the product from the service center within a reasonable time after receipt of the defective product at our authorized service center.

HOW TO OBTAIN WARRANTY SERVICE

You must notify your local Crown importer of your need for warranty service within the warranty period. All components must be shipped in the original box. Corrective action will be taken within a reasonable time of the date of receipt of the defective product by our authorized service center. If the repairs made by our authorized service center are not satisfactory, notify our authorized service center immediately.

DISCLAIMER OF CONSEQUENTIAL AND INCIDENTAL DAMAGES

YOU ARE NOT ENTITLED TO RECOVER FROM US ANY INCIDENTAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM ANY DEFECT IN THE NEW CROWN PRODUCT. THIS INCLUDES ANY DAMAGE TO ANOTHER PRODUCT OR PRODUCTS RESULTING FROM SUCH A DEFECT.

WARRANTY ALTERATIONS

No person has the authority to enlarge, amend, or modify this Crown Warranty. This Crown Warranty is not extended by the length of time which you are deprived of the use of the new Crown product. Repair and replacement parts provided under the terms of this Crown Warranty shall carry only the unexpired portion of this Crown Warranty.

DESIGN CHANGES

We reserve the right to change the design of any product from time to time without notice and with no obligation to make corresponding changes in products previously manufactured.

LEGAL REMEDIES OF PURCHASER

No action to enforce this Crown Warranty shall be commenced after expiration of the warranty period.

THIS STATEMENT OF WARRANTY SUPERSEDES ANY OTHERS CONTAINED IN THIS MANUAL FOR CROWN PRODUCTS.

9/07

**HISTORIC
Document may not be
REBUNDLED
or REISSUED**

PRODUCT REGISTRATION

Online registration is also available at
Warranty is only valid within the country in which the product is purchased.

When this form is used to register your product, it may be mailed or faxed.

Please note that some information is required. Incomplete registrations will not be processed. * Indicates required information.

~~OWNER'S INFORMATION - PLEASE PRINT~~

* First name: _____ Middle initial: _____ * Last name: _____
Company: _____
* Mailing address: _____
* City: _____ * State: _____ * Zip Code: _____
* Country: _____ E-mail address: _____
* Phone # (include area code): _____ Fax #: _____

PRODUCT INFORMATION

*** MODEL**

e.g. IT8000, CDi1000, PCC160

* SERIAL #

e.g. 8000000000

*** PURCHASE DATE**

mo/day/yr

Product purchased from: *(Business/Individual) _____ Country: _____

Comments:

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**PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY**

SRA #: _____ (If sending product to Crown factory service.) Model: _____ Serial Number: _____ Purchase Date: _____

PRODUCT RETURN INFORMATION

Individual or Business Name: _____

Phone #: _____ Fax #: _____ E-Mail: _____

Street Address (please, no P.O. Boxes): _____

City: _____ State/Prov: _____ Postal Code: _____ Country: _____

Nature of problem: _____

Other equipment in your system: _____

If warranty is expired, please provide method of payment. Proof of purchase may be required to validate warranty.

PAYMENT OPTIONS I have open account payment terms. Purchase order required. PO#: _____ COD Credit Card (Information below is required; however if you do not want to provide this information at this time, we will contact you when your unit is repaired for the information.)**Credit card information:**Type of credit card: MasterCard Visa American Express DiscoverType of credit card account: Personal/Consumer Business/Corporate

Card # _____ Exp. date: _____ * Card ID #: _____

* Card ID # is located on the back of the card following the credit card #, in the signature area. On American Express, it may be located on the front of the card. This number is required to process the charge to your account. If you do not want to provide it at this time, we will call you to obtain this number when the repair of your unit is complete.

Name on credit card: _____

Billing address of credit card: _____

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Document may not be up to date



Safety and Security Systems / Industrial

Advancing security and well being.

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University Park, IL 60484

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